

Knots in proteins and polymers: some recent developments

Peter Virnau

Institute of Physics, Johannes Gutenberg University Mainz, 55099 Mainz,
virnau@uni-mainz.de

I will present several bridging algorithms which are suitable for simulation of globular phases of single polymers [1]. In this context, the determination of knots provides a measure for entanglement which allows us to gauge the efficiency of the move sets. The algorithm is applied to study semi-flexible polymers in spherical confinement as a model system for DNA in viral capsids and to random copolymers in globular states to study aspects of protein-like systems. We also predict entanglements of single polystyrene molecules in mini-emulsions which are currently investigated in ongoing experiments.

In the second part of my talk I will give a short overview of knots in proteins with a focus on structures discovered in the past three years [2].

[1] D. Reith, P. Virnau, *Comput Phys Commun* **181**, 800 (2010)

[2] D. Bölinger, J. Sulkowska, H.-P. Hsu et al, *PLoS Comp Biol* **6**, e1000731 (2010)